Part I Item No: 0

WELWYN HATFIELD COUNCIL ALCOHOL AND REGULATED ENTERTAINMENT SUB- COMMITTEE REPORT OF THE LICENSING OFFICER

Northaw and Cuffley

# REPORT TO ALCOHOL AND REGULATED ENTERTAINMENT SUB-COMMITTEE

GRANT OF TEMPORARY EVENT NOTICE FOR TL29926 THE QUARRY, LAND AT THE END OF HEMPSHILL BROOK, ACCESS FROM NORTHAW ROAD EAST, CUFFLEY, HERTFORDSHIRE, EN6 4QZ

# 1 Summary of the Temporary Event Notices

### **Premises User (s)**

THOMAS HOLLIDGE

### **Address of Premises/Event**

TL29926 THE QUARRY, LAND AT THE END OF HEMPSHILL BROOK, ACCESS FROM NORTHAW ROAD EAST, CUFFLEY, HERTFORDSHIRE, EN6 4QZ

This committee report contains a Temporary Event Notice for a Bottlefest event with sale of alcohol, regulated entertainment and late night refreshment between  $1^{st} - 3^{rd}$  September 2023 10:00 – 05:00 for up to 499 people.

The Temporary Event Notice served on the Licensing Authority is provided in Appendix A to this report.

### Summary of Notice Received

The premises user served a Temporary Event Notice on the Licensing Authority under the Licensing Act 2003 Section 100 on Monday  $22^{nd}$  May 2023 at 18.34pm. The notice is for the sale of alcohol, regulated entertainment and late night refreshment between  $1^{st} - 3^{rd}$  September 2023 10:00 - 05:00 for up to 499 people. The premises user is in line with the legislation by serving the Temporary Event Notice more than 10 working days before the planned event dates.

The Temporary Event Notice was reviewed and processed as valid a notice by the Licensing Authority. The notice was sent to Hertfordshire Police and the Council's Environmental Health Team on Tuesday 23rd May 2023. The Relevant Authorities were notified that representations to the Temporary Event Notice were required to be provided to the Licensing Authority by the end of Thursday 25<sup>th</sup> May 2023.

The Licensing Authority provided the premises user with an acknowledgement letter for the Temporary Event Notice by email on Tuesday 23<sup>rd</sup> May 2023.

# 1.1 Unresolved representations

The Licence Hearing is a result of the Licensing Authority receiving formal written relevant objections from the Environmental Health Team and Hertfordshire Police to the Temporary Event Notice within the 3 working day consultation period. The representations against the notice have been submitted under the Licensing Act 2003 on the statutory grounds of:

- the prevention of crime and disorder
- public safety
- the prevention of public nuisance
- the protection of children from harm

Part 2 Appendix A Temporary Event Notice submitted on Monday 22<sup>nd</sup> May 2023 at 18.34pm

Part 2 Appendix B – Location of event site and event entrance – marked by the applicant and other locations to give clarity

Part 2 Appendix C - Representation from Environmental Health

Part 2 Appendix D – Representation from Hertfordshire Police

# 2 <u>Details of Representations Received</u>

Formal written relevant objection notices have been submitted by Environmental Health and Hertfordshire Police against the Temporary Event Notice.

The objection from Environmental Health is on the grounds of Preventing Public Nuisance licensing objective/s.

### **Objection Notice—Permitted Temporary Activities**

On the 23<sup>rd</sup> May 2023 Public Health and Protection received from Thomas Hollidge, a temporary event notice ("the notice") in respect of proposed temporary licensable activities due to take place at the above premises. Public Health and Protection are satisfied that allowing the premises to be used in accordance with the notice would/would not undermine the following licensing objectives.

The licensing objective(s) that apply are indicated by an X in the following table

Licensing objective	Obj. (X)	Reasons
The prevention of crime and disorder		
Public safety		
The prevention of public nuisance	X	Please refer to comment section below
The protection of children from harm		
No Objections		

### **Grounds of Objections**

## The prevention of Public Nuisance

During the period that this event wishes to take place, there is a licensed music event happening over the same weekend in close proximity. The land surrounding this event is under strict noise controls and an objection is made on the basis that this event highly likely to cause a public noise nuisance to local residence.

The duration of this event is stated to be from 1<sup>st</sup> September until the 3<sup>rd</sup> September and the hours stipulated for the playing of amplified music is between 12:00 -05:00. This is 17 hours of continuous amplified music on at least 2 consecutive days which is highly likely to cause a public noise nuisance.

It is noted that an event management and sound management plan has been implemented from another site for a similar event. However, as there are many other contributing factors that need to be considered as well as an acoustic assessment of the local area, these plans are not feasible and will not be taken into consideration through this application process.

The objection from Hertfordshire Police is on the grounds of the prevention of crime and disorder, public safety, the prevention of public nuisance and the protection of children from harm licensing objective/s.

I am making a representation regarding the TEN for Bottlefest (2.0) on 01/09/23-03/09/23.

My representation is quite wide ranging, as I have a large number of concerns.

The event proposed is new at this location, but there are precedents for a festival style event in that geographic area.

Some of the risks are common to many of the Licensing Objectives so may be repeated under the specific objective. I am also working on very limited information at this time.

499 Persons is not an extreme number of attendees, however this festival occurs at the same time and in the same location as the Colesdale farm event, meaning this event and these numbers must be viewed in alignment with those already in the area and the risks considered.

I am aware this application is a TEN which do not normally require event management plans, traffic considerations etc- this is because TEN's are normally used to extend the hours of a pre-existing business i.e. a pub, where all the safety / crime and disorder considerations have already been met or a short term event like a school fete or church concert where effectively people are on best behaviour, a festival is another consideration altogether, requiring logistical concerns and with a different behavioural profile- this is not to think the worst of festival go-ers but how much alcohol is drunk at the average school fete?

Contrast that with how much alcohol is drunk at a festival, then consider this application is till 5am, then consider that is for 3 days, add to this that the participants may camp at the location, meaning it could be considered a 24h x3 day solid drinking session, (the total application covers 65 hours) I also think it is reasonable to consider drug use which is not unknown at festivals.

#### Crime and Disorder

- The TEN goes until 0500hrs, this elevates concerns considerably, later drinking hours (which historically represent a very significantly higher disorder risk) mean the event is higher risk. I have not seen measures to mitigate this risk. I am not able to request conditions to ensure sufficient numbers of staff are met. I would consider 490 people on a 3 day, till 5am drinking session alone a very high risk event even if it took place within a pre-existing system such as a pub, where the pub already had an experienced publican and skilled, experienced door staff and an established client base.
- Is there an entry policy, will searches be undertaken? I understand camping is allowed- so large amounts of equipment (and potentially contraband/weapons/drugs) could be brought on site easily. Tools, fuel containers, knives are all a normal part of camping but can present risks.
- The lengthened drinking time of a 5am finish deserves significant mitigating measures- I have not seen any. This is another elevating risk factor.
- Are there adequate staff for such a long period- as camping means the need for stewardship is 'ongoing' will they have cover for 3x 24h periods?
- Festivals 10x the size of this one are normally held in this location- and there have been occasions when the numbers were exceeded by over 1000 attendees, the public expectation of this event may exceed its ability to accommodate those wishing to attend, I have seen no measures or plan to deal with this potential problem, indeed staff numbers at such a "small" event may be as low as 5, 5 staff will not be sufficient to deal with 100 extra attendees should they arrive. I do not know if tickets will be sold in advance or 'on the door' of if indeed the event is ticketed.
- No DPS required for a TEN, no licence to lose, limited accountability.
- The location has little to no natural surveillance- a concern for something like drug dealing- a problem that festivals by their nature incur.

### Public safety

- Entry and egress are often higher risk times, the event shares the access/egress
  route of a festival in the same location at the same time and so present a
  significant logistical challenge.
- Will vehicular and pedestrian traffic be mixed? On site and on access road.
- After a 3 day party what first aid provision is there? (increased risks from camping)
- Emergency access, is the location accessible to the emergency services?

#### Protection children from harm

 Most TEN applications are granted for scenarios where there is natural guardianship present- family events or school events, where the risks of underage sales are low, with teachers and parents present. This event does not have that level of stewardship or even much/any natural surveillance while still being appealing to under 18's.

#### Public nuisance

• Music until 5am- there is less ambient noise and music till 5am is a nuisance.

The Temporary Event Notice has been brought to the Alcohol and Regulated Entertainment Committee to be determined. The representation from

Environmental Health is detailed in Appendix C. The representation from Hertfordshire Police is detailed in Appendix D.

# 3 Background

The Temporary Event Notice submitted is for a Bottlefest event with sale of alcohol, regulated entertainment and late night refreshment between  $1^{st} - 3^{rd}$  September 2023 10:00 - 05:00 for up to 499 people.

The Bottlefest event is to be held on a 25 acre space which includes two fields separated by a fence and woodland running along the top. The site is located at the end of Hempshill Brook and is accessed from an entrance on Northaw Road East.

The applicant has included information on the Bottlefest event. Bottlefest is a music festival consisting of different music genres held over three stages, the main stage, the woodland stage and the canteen. Planned genres of music include Reggae, Funk, Soul, Disco, Hip-Hop, Samba and Rock music from 12:00 – 00:00. The main stage will close at 00:00 whilst music will continue on the 'woodland' and the canteen stages with a lower decibel level, reduced bass and reduced amplification (incapable of reaching disruptive sound levels) from 00:00 – 05:00.

The 'woodland' stage will play a range of musical genres and may move towards electronic music as the night progresses. The canteen stage, primarily a food and drink source, will continue to play easy going songs similar to that of the day at a lower decibel level.

The applicant has advised that a full event management plan with a sound management plan and risk assessment was prepared for another site about a year ago which they believe would still be applicable to the proposed site and they would be happy to share this information.

Details on the proposed event have been provided on the Temporary Event Notice by the applicant, this can be found in Appendix A of this report.

The committee is therefore asked to determine whether or not to uphold the Environmental Health Officer and Hertfordshire Police Licensing Officer's objections.

# 4 **Explanation**

The committee is obliged to determine the application in light of an objection from the Environmental Health Officer (Appendix C) with a view to promoting the Prevention of Public Nuisance Licensing Objective. In addition to the objection from Hertfordshire Police (Appendix D) in relation to Crime and Disorder, Public Safety, the Prevention of Public Nuisance and the Protection of Children from Harm licensing objective/s.

The committee <u>may not</u> uphold the Environmental Health Officers objection to the TEN's on the grounds of any other Licensing Objective.

In making its decision, the committee is also obliged to have regard to the National Guidance and the Councils own Licensing Policy in that it can only: -

- a) Prevent the TEN's from going ahead by upholding the Environmental Health Officer's objection, or
- b) Add conditions to the TEN's that are already on the premises licence conditions. The committee may not add to or amend these conditions.

# 5 <u>Licensing Policy</u>

5.1 The sub committee will also wish to be aware of the revised Guidance issued under section 182 of the licensing Act 2003.

### Guidance 7.38

The 2003 Act provides that only the licensing authority can impose conditions to a TEN from the existing conditions on the premises licence or club premises certificate at the venue. The licensing authority can only do so:

- if the police or the EHA have objected to the TEN;
- if that objection has not been withdrawn;
- if there is a licence or certificate in relation to at least a part of the premises in respect of which the TEN is given;
- and if the licensing authority considers it appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives to impose one or more conditions.

### Guidance 7.39

This decision is one for the licensing authority alone, regardless of the premises user's views or willingness to accept conditions. The conditions must be notified to the premises user on the form prescribed by regulations.

#### Guidance 9.42

Licensing authorities are best placed to determine what actions are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in their areas. All licensing determinations should be considered on a case-by-case basis. They should take into account any representations or objections that have been received from responsible authorities or other persons, and representations made by the applicant or premises user as the case may be.

#### Guidance 9.43

The authority's determination should be evidence-based, justified as being appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives and proportionate to what it is intended to achieve.

#### Guidance 9.44

Determination of whether an action or step is appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives requires an assessment of what action or step would be suitable to achieve that end. Whilst this does not therefore require a licensing authority to decide that no lesser step will achieve the aim, the authority should aim to consider the potential burden that the condition would impose on the premises licence holder (such as the financial burden due to restrictions on licensable activities) as well as the potential benefit in terms of the promotion of the licensing objectives. However, it is imperative that the authority ensures that the factors which form the basis of its determination are limited to consideration of the promotion of the objectives and nothing outside those parameters. Further advice on determining what is appropriate when imposing conditions on a licence or certificate is provided in Chapter 10. The licensing authority is expected to come to its determination based on an assessment of the evidence on both the risks and benefits either for or against making the determination.

- 5.2 The sub-committee will also wish to be aware of Welwyn Hatfield Council Statement of Licensing Policy, which includes
- 25.7 Where the Police or Environmental Health object they will serve an objection notice on you. You can then discuss the event and agree modifications to address their concerns. If no agreement is reached, we will hold a hearing to consider the objection.
- 25.8 If the TEN is in connection with licensed premises, the Licensing Sub Committee may impose one or more of the existing licence conditions. Conditions can **only** be imposed on the TEN where they already exist on the premises licence or the club premises certificate. The Act requires the conditions to be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives **and** not inconsistent with the carrying out of the licensable activities.

# 6 Recommendation

- 6.1 The committee must have regard to the Temporary Event Notice served and the evidence it hears. The sub-committee is therefore asked to determine the Temporary Event Notice.
- 6.2 In determining the notice, which must be at the conclusion of the hearing the subcommittee may on behalf of the licensing authority, and having regard to the promotion of the licensing objectives, statute, guidance and policy decide on the following courses of action:
  - a) To grant the Temporary Event Notice as served.
  - b) To add conditions to the Temporary Event Notice.
  - c) To exclude any of the licensable activities to which the Temporary Event Notice relates.
  - d) To reject the Temporary Event Notice in full or part of it.

# 7 Appendices

Appendix A Temporary Event Notice submitted on Monday  $22^{nd}$  May 2023 at  $18.34 \mathrm{pm}$ 

Appendix B – Location of event site and event entrance marked by the applicant and other locations to give clarity

Appendix C - Representation from Environmental Health

Appendix D – Representation from Hertfordshire Police

Nicol Tupling Licensing Technical Officer Date – 26/05/2023